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*Research Product - U.S. Army
Research Institute for the
Behavioral and Social Sciences
- 2003*

Military Intelligence - 1997

Crusader Battle Lab
Warfighting Experiment
(BLWE) 1: Assessing Tactics,
Techniques, and Procedures
(TTPs) for Crusader Units

Within a Synthetic
Environment - 1998

The U.S. Army Research Laboratory and the Depth and Simultaneous Attack Battle Lab have performed the first Battle Lab Warfighting Experiment that evaluated operational concepts for the Crusader system. The experiment was conducted during June and July of 1996 in the Janus Battle

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Simulation Center at Ft. Sill, Oklahoma. The research addressed critical operation issues focused on the employment of the Crusader system on the 21st century digitized battlefield. Command and control, and ammunition logistics and resupply systems used by a direct support field artillery battalion when employing the simulated Crusader system were evaluated to identify innovative tactics, techniques, and procedures that could be introduced in conjunction with the fielding of the Crusader system. This research was conducted using a synthetic battlefield environment that placed field artillerymen into distributed interactive simulation technologies where they used actual tactical data processing equipment to perform fire support functions. There were four major outcomes of this research: (1) A preliminary set of tactics, techniques, and procedures that addressed command and control functions, situation awareness, fire order

consistency, and sustainment was identified. This information will be evaluated further by the system developer and field artillery community and will be considered for additional testing during later experiments or closed loop studies. (2) Major findings were: (a) The Crusader system as currently specified, will deliver effective fires to defeat the projected threat and provide timely support to maneuver forces. (b) The pooled resupply concept was successfully demonstrated and shown to be a robust technique in the face of losses of individual resupply vehicles.

Technical Reports
Awareness Circular : TRAC. -
1987-05

Armor - 2011

A Guide to the Evaluation of Educational Experiences in the Armed Services - 2004

Field Manual No.1-111:
Aviation Brigades -

Professional Journal of the
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United States Army - 1998

Signal Support to Operations
(FM 6-02) - Headquarters
Department Of The Army
2019-09-17

Field Manual (FM) 6-02, Signal Support to Operations, is the premier Signal doctrine publication, and only field manual. FM 6-02 compiles Signal Corps doctrine into three chapters with supporting appendices that address network operations in support of mission command and unified land operations and the specific tactics and procedures associated with organic and nonorganic Signal forces. The fundamental idea of Signal Corps tactics is the employment and ordered arrangement of Signal forces in a supporting role to provide LandWarNet across the range of military operations. The detailed techniques regarding the ways and methods to accomplish the missions, functions or tasks of the Signal Corps indicated in this FM will be addressed in supporting Army techniques publications

(ATPs). Army forces operate worldwide and require a secure and reliable communications capability that rapidly adapts to changing demands.

Techniques and Practices in the Training of Digital Operator Skills - Bruce C.

Leibrecht 2007

"This report presents research on classroom training practices in Army Battle Command System courses. The investigation examined a sample of institutional courses using observation and classification techniques. Three learning theories--behaviorist, cognitive, and constructivist--guided the collection and analysis of data. Cognitive and behaviorist training techniques were observed somewhat more frequently than constructivist techniques. The frequency of training techniques depended on the type of course (operator vs. leader orientation), instructor style, and progression across days. The discussion offers potential improvements in the areas of training techniques, program of instruction, training

environment, and instructional innovation. The report is intended for use by training designers and developers, digital trainers, and training managers working in institutional settings"--P. i.

Training Analysis and Feedback Aids (TAAF Aids) Study for Live Training Support

- Bill R. Brown 1998
"Maneuver Combat Training Center (CTC) and home station requirements for exercise control and training feedback are intensive. With the advent of battlefield digitization; tactical decision aids; smart, intelligent, and brilliant munitions; advances in non-lethal weapons, and new reconnaissance, surveillance, and target acquisition (RSTA) systems, the workload for trainers continues to spiral. Force modernization is creating new control and feedback tasks that have the potential to rob trainers of time they would otherwise spend observing, coaching, and facilitating the learning of exercise players. This study: (1) Identifies the impact of force

modernization on future exercise control and training feedback functions. (2) Identifies tasks involved in after-action review (AAR) preparation, observer/controller (OC) coordination and mentoring, and take-home package construction. (3) Provides strategies to reduce OC and Training Analysis Facility (TAF) workload. (4) Identifies payoffs in task reduction achieved by each strategy. (5) Does not provide technical solutions or analysis of task criticality, complexity, duration, or frequency for trainer tasks."--DTIC.

Army Modernization Information Memorandum (AMIM) - United States Department of the Army 1985

Military Intelligence Professional Bulletin - 1998

Guide to the Evaluation of Educational Experiences in the Armed Services -

Army Techniques Publication Atp 3-09.30

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Observed Fires September 2017 - United States

Government Us Army 2018-02
Army Techniques Publication
ATP 3-09.30 Observed Fires
SEPTEMBER 2017 Army
Techniques Publication (ATP)
3-09.30 sets forth the doctrine
pertaining to the organization,
equipment, mission command,
operations, and provides
techniques for employing fire
support assets as an observer
which can be applied within
the framework of decisive
action or unified land
operations. It is applicable to
any Army personnel observing
for artillery or mortar fires,
close air support, army attack
aviation, or naval surface fire
support. See ATP 3-09.32 for
information on close air
support, army attack aviation,
or naval surface fire support.
The principal audience for this
publication is FA commanders,
staffs, and personnel at the
field artillery brigade (FAB),
division artillery (DIVARTY),
and brigade combat team
(BCT) and separate FA
battalions and below.
Commanders, staffs, and

subordinates ensure that their
decisions and actions comply
with applicable United States,
international, and in some
cases host-nation laws and
regulations. Commanders at all
levels ensure that their
Soldiers operate in accordance
with the law of war and the
rules of engagement (See FM
27-10).

**Government Reports
Announcements & Index -
1995**

Concepts and Issues - 2001

Research Report - 2003

**Army Modernization
Information Memorandum
(AMIM): Standard form -
United States. Department of
the Army 1984**

Psyop - U. S. Army 2009-03
Written as a Top Secret US
Army procedural manual and
released under the Freedom of
Information act this manual
describes the step-by-step
process recommended to
control and contain the minds
of the enemy and the general

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public alike. Within these 180+ pages you will read in complete detailed the Mission of PSYOP as well as PSYOP Roles, Policies and Strategies and Core Tasks. Also included are the logistics and communication procedures used to insure the "right" people get the "right" information.

Field Artillery Target Acquisition - United States. Department of the Army 1978

Field Artillery - 1998

Topographic Support - United States. Department of the Army 1979

Commander's handbook for joint timesensitive targeting -

Infantry - 2010

ATP 3-09.30 Observed Fires (September 2017) - Army Publishing Directorate 2020-08-15

This publication supersedes ATP 3-09.30, Observed Fires dated 12 August 2013. Army Techniques Publication (ATP)

3-09.30 sets forth the doctrine pertaining to the organization, equipment, mission command, operations, and provides techniques for employing fire support assets as an observer which can be applied within the framework of decisive action or unified land operations. It is applicable to any Army personnel observing for artillery or mortar fires, close air support, army attack aviation, or naval surface fire support. See ATP 3-09.32 for information on close air support, army attack aviation, or naval surface fire support. The principal audience for this publication is FA commanders, staffs, and personnel at the field artillery brigade (FAB), division artillery (DIVARTY), and brigade combat team (BCT) and separate FA battalions and below.

The Field Artillery Cannon Battery - Department of the Army 2017-08-20
Army Techniques Publication (ATP) 3-09.50, "The Field Artillery Cannon Battery," provides doctrinal guidance for commanders and subordinate

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leaders who are responsible for conducting cannon battery functions or tasks. It serves as an authoritative reference for personnel responsible for developing: Doctrine (fundamental principles; tactics, techniques, and procedures) material and force Structure, Institution and unit training, Tactical standard operating procedures for cannon battery units.

Department of Defense Dictionary of Military and Associated Terms - United States. Joint Chiefs of Staff 1994

Department of Defense Authorization for Appropriations for Fiscal Year 2005 - United States. Congress. Senate. Committee on Armed Services 2005

Military Review - 1998

**Manuals Combined:
TACTICS, TECHNIQUES,
AND PROCEDURES FOR
FIELD ARTILLERY
METEOROLOGY & FIELD
ARTILLERY TARGET**

ACQUISITION -

This publication provides the United States Army and United States Marine Corps (USMC) commanders, artillerymen, and meteorology (MET) crew members with tactics, techniques, and procedures for the employment of MET sections. This publication describes the equipment and tasks required to develop MET data from the selection of the MET station location to the dissemination of the MET data. This manual describes current and emerging TA organizations. These organizations include target acquisition batteries and radar platoons of active and reserve components, the corps target acquisition detachment (CTAD), radar platoons of the interim brigade combat team (IBCT) and interim division artillery (IDIVARTY), and the STRIKER platoon. Technical and tactical considerations for employing weapons locating radars are discussed in detail. This includes the AN/TPQ-47 that is currently being developed. New information

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contained in this manual includes duties and responsibilities for key TA personnel, rehearsals, stability operations and support operations, rotary and fixed wing radar movement procedures, and automated target data processing. The methodology used by weapons locating radars to acquire, track and locate threat weapon systems is also discussed.

Compass M2 - 1942

Cognitive Requirements for Information Operations Training (CRIOT) - 1999

"The advent of battlefield digitization increases the work trainers for live force-on-force exercises must do to control exercises and provide feedback to units, and it will pull trainers at platoon and company level out of the tactical information loop. The goal of this study was to describe instrumentation capabilities with the potential for reducing workloads and pulling trainers back into the information loop for exercises at the Army's maneuver combat training centers (CTCs)

and at home stations. This study documents the experiences of approximately seventy of the National Training Center (NTC) observer/controllers (OCs) and analysts that participated in the training of the Army's first digitized brigade during the Force XXI Army warfighting Experiment (AWE). To gain a better understanding of what is required to support digital training, the study team reviewed emerging tactical doctrine from platoon through battalion task force level to develop a sample of potential digital training points and then designed displays that would help a trainer monitor unit performance with respect to these points. The team then defined the capabilities a workstation would need to create these displays. This report describes, defends and illustrates twenty workstation capabilities that support exercise control and feedback for digitized units."--DTIC.

Field artillery cannon battalion - United States. Department of the Army 1979

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The Army Communicator -
1997

Weapon Systems - 2012

**Fire Support Coordination
in the Ground Combat
Element** - U. S. Corps
2013-06-27

Marine Corps Warfighting
Publication (MCWP) 3-16, Fire
Support Coordination in the
Ground Combat Element, is a
framework for coordinating
and employing supporting
arms in consonance with
maneuver elements.

Field Artillery Manual Cannon
Gunnery - Department of the
Army 2017-08-19

Training Circular (TC) 3-09.81,
"Field Artillery Manual Cannon
Gunnery," sets forth the
doctrine pertaining to the
employment of artillery fires. It
explains all aspects of the
manual cannon gunnery
problem and presents a
practical application of the
science of ballistics. It includes
step-by-step instructions for
manually solving the gunnery
problem which can be applied
within the framework of

decisive action or unified land
operations. It is applicable to
any Army personnel at the
battalion or battery responsible
to delivered field artillery fires.
The principal audience for ATP
3-09.42 is all members of the
Profession of Arms. This
includes field artillery Soldiers
and combined arms chain of
command field and company
grade officers, middle-grade
and senior noncommissioned
officers (NCO), and battalion
and squadron command groups
and staffs. This manual also
provides guidance for division
and corps leaders and staffs in
training for and employment of
the BCT in decisive action. This
publication may also be used
by other Army organizations to
assist in their planning for
support of battalions. This
manual builds on the collective
knowledge and experience
gained through recent
operations, numerous
exercises, and the deliberate
process of informed reasoning.
It is rooted in time-tested
principles and fundamentals,
while accommodating new
technologies and diverse

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threats to national security.

DA Pam -

Parameters - 2003